WUNS BULLETIN

Issued Quarterly Issue No. 23 Spring 1973 YF-84

ROBERT HOMAN, General Secretary

Headquarters - 2507 North Franklin Road - Arlington - Virginia 22201 - U.S.A.

> *". . .We must not allow the greater racial community to be torn asunder by the differences of the individual peoples. The struggle that rages today is for very great aims. A culture combining millenniums and embracing Hellenism and Germanicism is fighting for its existence."*
>
> ADOLF HITLER, *Mein Kampf, II,I.*

Editorial

A number of inquiries have been received from comrades in different countries concerning the role of the World Union of National Socialists. What is its scope and its relation to the National Socialist parties in the various countries?

WUNS was formed with the purpose of uniting all National Socialists around the world in one universal, common Cause – greater than any of its parts. Affiliation is not only through local parties, but directly with individuals as well. The original Cotswold Agreements, formally establishing the World Union in 1962, were regarded by Lincoln Rockwell as tentative, and subject to future modifications which might enhance the role for which it was constituted.

Recognizing the organic principle of National Socialism that the whole is greater than any of its parts, the authority of WUNS must exceed that of any party which wishes to be a part of the universal Movement of Adolf Hitler. As a practical matter, WUNS has always allowed a maximum degree of local autonomy to enable the various parties to best deal with the political realities of their respective countries. But this is a matter of tactics; WUNS remains a monolithic organization based upon the totalitarian principles of a disciplined, centralized, revolutionary movement.

Representatives duly appointed by WUNS in various countries are *directly* responsible to the Commander of WUNS, and not to officials of any local party. As the supreme organization of the Movement, WUNS is charged with defending the fundamental National Socialist axiom that the common racial will has precedence over secondary considerations. National Socialists recognize that the logical corollary to a close identification of common purpose is a common direction.

WUNS exists as the superstructure for a future new world order–an Aryan Imperium-based upon the immortal principles of Adolf Hitler. Lincoln Rockwell laid the foundations for the great edifice that will one day stand as a monument to the racial idealism and good will of Aryans everywhere. It is the task of each of us to devote our energies towards the realization of that common goal by vigorously supporting a united National Socialist world movement as embodied in the World Union of National Socialists.

HEIL HITLER!

Argentina

Juan Peron

Juan Peron's return to Argentina in November, 1972 after 17 years of exile was the cause of much speculation from both friend and foe concerning the future of the man and the political movement in Argentina which bears his name. Like its founder, the Peronist movement has been under strict political ban for 17 years. The movement continued to grow in numbers and influence despite the persecution, however, and it is now by far the largest political party in the country.

Peron's return brought Argentina's problems into sharper focus. His enemies hoped that the return of the 77-year old Argentine leader would precipitate disillusionment and destroy the great affection held for him and the "golden age" of his rule by the masses. Since Peron's ouster in late 1955, the powerful Peronista labor unions have viewed each succeeding military government as reactionary, hostile satraps of foreign interests to be fought at every turn.

During the nine years of the Peron regime the working classes received more social and economic benefits than they had ever received before or since. Most important of all, a new dignity was brought to the workingman and a recognition of his important role in the national community.

The foreign-controlled railways and transport industries were nationalized under Peron and their owners compensated, as were the foreign meat-packing plants. This quickly aroused the wrath of foreign speculators – many of them Jews – who resented this assertion of Argentine economic and political independence from Wall Street and London.

On the domestic scene Peron soon brought the powerful Argentine beef and grain barons to heel. They were punished for the economic excesses they committed at the expense of the nation by strict controls and taxes. The Peron government periodically announced big wage increases to the working classes. Today these great achievements have been buried in 17 years of increasing inflation and political incompetency. When Peron was overthrown by a military coup in 1955, the Argentine peso was 46 to the dollar; today it is 1,200. The cost of living in Argentina rose by 70% in 1972, while wages increased only 35%. Even the middle classes, who originally opposed Peron's national reforms out of self-interest, have changed their views and also demand a return to "the golden age."

The Argentine military leaders and reactionary circles hoped that the elections held in March, 1973 would destroy Peron's popularity once and for all by a defeat at the polls. But Dr. Hector J. Campora, Peron's choice as presidential candidate on the Peronista ticket, swept the opposition aside and presented the Argentine government with an undisputed Peronista election victory.

The election success did not come cheaply. Julian Moreno, an Argentine labor leader and Peronist candidate for Congress, was assassinated less than 24 hours after his party had opened its campaign for the general elections in March.

Mr. Moreno was about to get into his car, parked in Lanus, a suburb of the capital, when a small truck rammed his vehicle. A man and a woman with machine guns jumped out of the truck and fired, killing Mr. Moreno and fatally wounding his chauffeur, Leopoldo Deheza.

The assassins then fled in cars waiting nearby. Mr. Moreno, the secretary general of the Lanus local of the Metalworkers Union, was a candidate for Congress for the Justicialist Liberation Front, which was formed by Juan D. Peron.

It remains to be seen whether the reactionary military government will acquiesce to the mandate of the people, as they agreed to do before the election, or undertake new machinations to circumvent and thwart the establishment of a a legally-elected Peronist government.

Australia

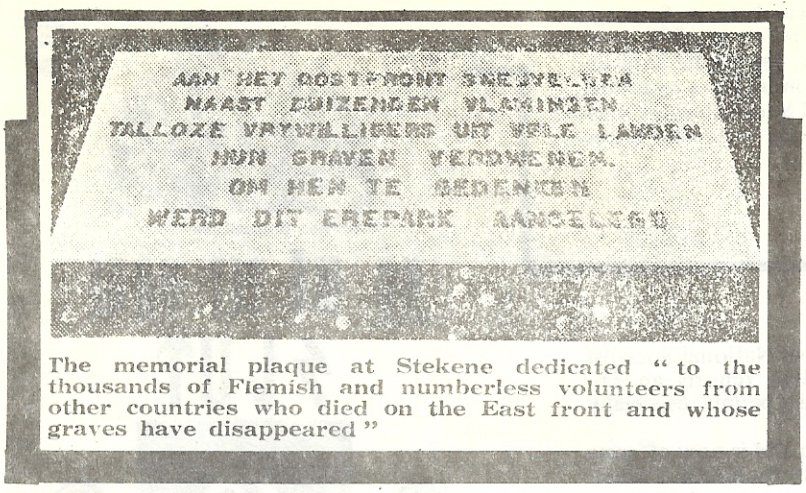
The National Socialist Party of Australia surprised the liberal and Jewish power structure in the federal election last November by receiving an overall average percentage of .5% of the votes cast. The Communist Party, long established in Australia and drawing considerable support from some unions and financial circles, received 1.8% in comparison.

The breakdown of the votes received by NSPA candidates are: Cass Young (Lalor constituency) 415 votes, or .7%; Katrina Young (Maribyrnong constituency) 144 votes, or .3%; Peter Wilkinson (Sturt constituency) 272 votes, or .5%; Les Leisemann (Wide Bay constituency) 164 votes, or .4%.

The Jewish community became so alarmed at the votes received by the National Socialists that they are pressing the Australian parliament to outlaw the NSPA. This would be a blatant violation of the Australian constitution and there is little chance that the Jews will succeed in their efforts.

Dr. E.R. Cawthron, WUNS representative in Australia, reports a marked increase of interest in the National Socialist racial program by White Australians. The WUNS address in Australia is:

Box 15, P.O.
Henley Beach
S.A. 5022
AUSTRALIA



The memorial plaque at Stekene dedicated "to the thousands of Flemish and numberless volunteers from other countries who died on the East front and whose graves have disappeared"

Belgium

Controversy still surrounds the erection some months ago of a memorial to Belgian volunteers who joined the SS and were killed on the Eastern Front during the Second World War.

The memorial, built in the community of Stekene-Waes west of Antwerp, takes the form of a small park with a center stone bearing the inscription: "On the Eastern Front, at the side of thousands of Flemings, there also died many volunteers from other countries. Their graves disappeared. This memorial garden has been created in their memory."

When the proposed park was announced three years ago a loud outcry against the project was heard from leftist and Jewish circles.

Several veterans organizations complained that the park was "unpatriotic." Most of these "veterans"sat the war out, Belgium having ceased hostilities in May, 1940.

Tens of thousands of Flemings and Walloons, meanwhile, became fighters for the new National Socialist order in Europe and volunteered as combatants against Bolshevism. They fought and died to protect Belgium and the rest of Europe and the West from the ravenous Red hordes that were to descend over much of eastern and central Europe in 1945.

The National European Congress, which is scheduled to meet in Flanders this year on 29-30 June, has declared 1 July as the annual memorial day for all those Europeans who lost their lives in the struggle against Communism.

Britain

The administration of York University in England has become alarmed over the appearance of a National Socialist student group on the campus. Public attention was first brought to the existence of the National Socialists when cars belonging to non-White aliens attending the institution were daubbed with "Keep Britain White" stickers.

Since then a number of Marxist Jews have complained about the National Socialists shouting anti-Jewish slogans at them. Several of the National Socialist students have been required to appear before a disciplinary committee for evidencing their racial patriotism.

A member of Parliament revealed in early April that the government has been deliberately misleading the British people as to the real number of non-Whites in Britain. Government statistics were doctored to show that many of inner London's suburbs now have between 25 and 30 percent non-White children. The figures were misleading as the government counted only those children of non-White immigrants who entered Britain less than ten years ago.

With the true figures in evidence, it was emphasized that within a generation inner London will be predominantly colored.

Chile

The Marxist government of Chile's President Salvador Allende has been increasing his suppressive measures against the Partido Nacional Socialista Obrero (National Socialist Workers Party) and its leader, Comrade Franz Pfeiffer. The increasing shortages of food and gasoline, the rising cost of living, and the unemployment have created widespread dissatisfaction resulting in anti-Communist and anti-government riots.

Comrade Pfeiffer reports that the National Socialist movement is gaining significant support in Chile. Several meetings have been held and have met with great success despite increased government harassment. A Marxist publication, *Mayoria,* carried an "expose" of several pages concerning the growth and danger that the PNSO presents to Allende's "workers utopia."

Comrade Franz Pfeiffer (center)

Last September 3, the annual commemoration was held in Santiago cemetery for the 68 National Socialists who fell in a revolt in 1938. Over 500 people attended the ceremony. On 5 September, the actual anniversary day of the attempted revolt, Comrade Pfeiffer conducted a memorial service in front of the building where the 68 National Socialists were massacred in 1938. Two hundred people participated, raising their arms in the Aryan salute and singing "Raise the Banner" in Spanish.

Denmark

Comrade Povl H. Riis-Knudsen, leader of the Danish National Socialist Movement (Danmarks National-Socialistiske Bevaegelse), reports an expanding interest in National Socialism among the Danish people, especially young people.

The DNSB has translated several works into Danish and is now offering them: *The Jews and* Their *Lies (Jøderne og deres Løgne)* by Martin Luther; *The Lie of the Six Million (Løgnen om de Seks Millionen);* and *Excerpts from the Talmud (Uddrag af Talmud).* These works and the official monthly organ of the DNSB, *National-Socialisten,* are available at:

DNSB
Postboks 449
DK-8100 Aarhus C
DENMARK

By order of the Commander, Comrade Povl H. Riis-Knudsen has been appointed the official representative of the World Union of National Socialists for Denmark.

France

Members of the New Order movement (Ordre Nouveau) have clashed with leftist students in Paris and other French cities. The cause of the clashes has been the stepped up attempts by the French Communist Party to dominate and incorporate socialist and new left groups by a display of force against anti-Marxists. Fierce counter-measures by French anti-Communists played havoc with the Communist plans for a new "Popular Front," both in the streets and at the election polls.

Norddeutsche Ausgabe / Ausgabe A
31. Aufg. • 46. Jahrg. • Einzelpreis 20 Pf.

Ausgabe A / Norddeutsche Ausgabe
Berlin, Dienstag, 31. Januar 1933

VÖLKISCHER BEOBACHTER

Herausgeber Adolf Hitler

Kampfblatt der nationalsozialistischen Bewegung Großdeutschlands

Ein historischer Tag:

Erste Maßnahmen der Reichsregierung Hitler

Interview des „Völkischen Beobachters" mit dem Reichsinnenminister Frick – Tagung des neuen Kabinetts

Der Reichspräsident von Hindenburg hat Adolf Hitler zum Reichskanzler ernannt. Der neuen Regierung werden neben Adolf Hitler als Reichskanzler der frühere Minister Pg. Frick als Reichsinnenminister und der Reichsstatthalter Pg. Goering als Reichsminister ohne Geschäftsbereich und Reichskommissar für den Luftverkehr angehören. Pg. Goering wird gleichzeitig mit der Wahrnehmung der Geschäfte des Preußischen Innenministeriums betraut.

Berlin, 30. Januar.

ADOLF HITLER

Reichsinnenminister Dr. Frick

Reichsminister Goering

Das Ziel der neuen Regierung:

Die geistige und willensmäßige Erneuerung des deutschen Volkes

Erklärt Reichsinnenminister Dr. Frick in einer Unterredung mit dem „Völkischen Beobachter"

Der Grundstein zum Dritten Reich

Stürmische Kundgebungen

Berlin, 30. Januar.

Nationalsozialistische Staatssekretäre in Preußen

Berlin, 30. Januar.

Flaggen heraus!

Over 100,000 reprints of the 31 January 1933 issue of the Volkischer Beobachter in commemorating the National Socialist revolution, were sold on the streets of Germany within a few hours when they hit the stands in January, 1973. They were offered as an "historical" item of study.

Germany

On may 10, 79-year-old Comrade Rudolf Hess completes his 32nd year in prison. On this date in 1941, Rudolf Hess flew alone from Germany to Britain in an heroic attempt to end the fratricide and establish peace between the two Aryan countries. But Churchill, the lackey of International Jewry, would not have it. Germany's peace proposals were spurned and the Leader's deputy was held prisoner until the war's end.

Hess was tried by the victorious Allies at Nuremberg for unspecified "war crimes" and sentenced to life imprisonment. He has remained in confinement behind the grim walls of West Berlin's Spandau Prison ever since. Since 1966, he has been the sole inmate of Spandau, a prison designed to hold 600. It is operated and guarded by the armies to Britain, France, the Soviet Union, and America at a cost of several hundred thousand dollars a year.

Britain, France, and the U.S. have agreed to release Hess. But the Soviet Union has vetoed the attempt, determined to see Hess die alone in prison for trying to end the war between the Western Powers and attempting to induce Britain to join Germany and the other Axis nations in a common struggle against Communism.

The unshaken refusal of this courageous comrade to repudiate his belief in Adolf Hitler and National Socialism serves as a burning example of loyalty and sacrifice to every National Socialist in the world today.

In East Germany thousands of political and criminal offenders were freed recently and allowed to flee to the West. But imprisoned National Socialists were excluded from the sweeping amnesty marking the 23rd anniversary of the East German Communist dictatorship. It is believed that the amnesty is related to East Germany's desire for reconciliation with West Germany's Social Democratic regime and their aim of membership in the United Nations.

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In a dramatic effort to halt further Communist victories in Germany and Europe, the first National European Youth Congress was held near Munich on 16-17 September 1972. Many National Socialists attended incognito. After the public meeting of bourgeois-front groups, many National Socialists who attended the congress met privately to discuss the problems of Aryan Europe and the one and only true solution for its ills: National Socialism.

Fearing complications of the upcoming federal elections, Willy Brandt attempted to suppress National Socialist resistance to his Red policies before the elections. Shortly after the National European Youth Congress, infiltrators and agents reported to Brandt's special political police, the Verfassungsschutz, concerning activities of the underground National Socialist organization known as the German National Socialist Battle Corps (National-Sozialistische Kampfgruppe).

So far, 12 Germans have been accused of participating in illegal National Socialist activity (*all* National Socialist activity is illegal in West Germany). One American National Socialist, a member of WUNS serving as a soldier in the U.S. Army in West Germany, was also accused in the case and was transferred back to the U.S. at the demand of the Bonn government.

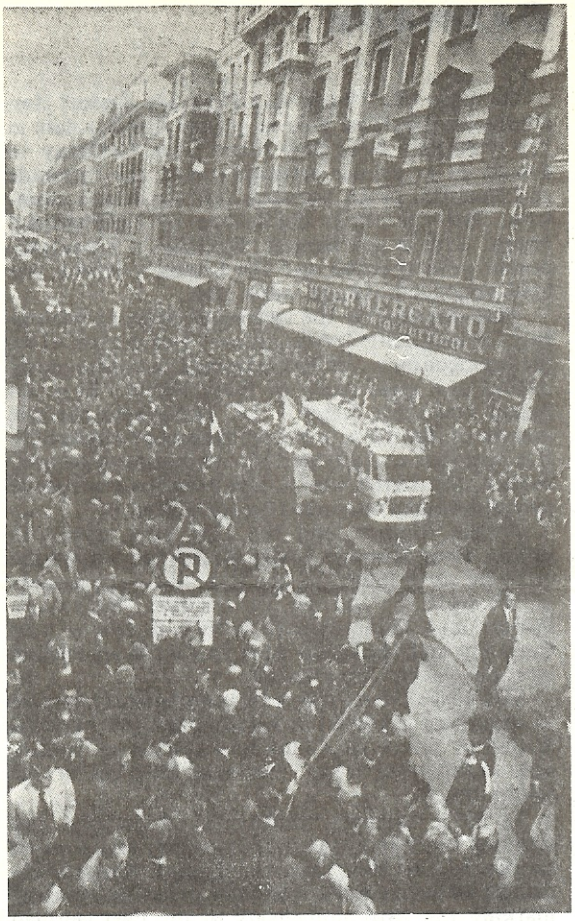
Wilhelm Baier, a 22-year-old student from Munich, has been imprisoned since 5 November 1972, without trial, for his National Socialism. Legal action is pending against all the German comrades accused. Despite Brandt's terroristic methods, the German National Socialists are determined to continue the fight. Their tenacity serves as an inspiration to us all.

Ireland

The leader of the National Socialist Irish Workers' Party, Comrade Terence Byrne, has been engaged in expanding the organization in Ireland and working closely with National Socialist comrades in Britain.

The NSIWP has a new publication, *The Phoenix*, replacing its old monthly organ, *The Irish Worker*. For subscription rates, write:

6, Brendans Cottages
Irishtown
Dublin 4
IRELAND



Italy

The shaky new combination of the political left and center, which its creators hoped would serve as an effective block against the ever-growing neo-Fascist movement in Italy, provides clear evidence of the increasing fear by Marxists and reaction that the enfeebled political system which has burdened the Italian nation for the past 28 years is approaching the end of its tether.

The result has been stepped-up violence against the Fascists by Red terrorists. The "responsible" political leadership in the Italian government deliberately ignored Fascist protests about the Red violence, insisting that the Communists and Socialists involved were "extremists" and that the acts were not condoned by their political party and party leaders.

The deaths of two sons of an MSI party official in Rome as the result of a leftist arson attack outraged the Italian public, finally forcing the government to take positive action. The two brothers, Virgilio and Stefano Mattei, died on 16 April when Marxist terrorists fire-bombed the home of their father, who is a branch secretary of the Italian Social Movement.

Thousands of mourners crowded Rome's streets in the funeral procession under a forest of Italian flags. Fascists carried flags draped in black ribbon, with the initials of the dead youths painted over them.

With the 50th anniversary of the March on Rome celebrated last October 22, Italians are particularly conscious of the similarities between the early twenties and the early seventies. The MSI, now the third largest political party in Italy, points out the growing chaos domestically and the lack of national purpose. Italians have enjoyed the benefits of a prosperous economy for some years. The price for these material advantages has been the growing alienation and disintegration of the national community.

(left) Crowds followed vans carrying bodies of murdered sons of MSI (Movimento Sociale Italiano) official.

North America

The National Socialist White People's Party has received much nation-wide coverage in recent months as a result of a federal court victory in Cleveland, Ohio. The mayor of that city forbade the wearing of the Swastika in City Hall. This arbitrary action was challenged and quickly won. Shortly thereafter it was disclosed that a considerable number of White patrolmen in the Cleveland police department wore Swastika pins, armbands, belt buckles and White Power tee-shirts on the job, a matter of much embarassment to anti-White Mayor Perk and his city council.

Elsewhere, a confrontation with the Jewish Defense League in Los Angeles, California, in January, 1973, resulted when a column of 25 Stormtroopers was attacked by JDL thugs throwing bricks, bottles, and other missiles. The National Socialists quickly retaliated and gave the JDLers a severe trouncing save their leader, who ran away at the beginning of the fracas.

Commander Koehl's appeal against the city of Miami Beach's anti-Swastika ordinance was won in February, knocking down that unconstitutional anti-Aryan statute. The NSWPP also won a suit against the county school board in Arlington, Va., in which the federal court ruled that National Socialists were entitled to use public school facilities for meetings and rallies. Commander Koehl has announced that the fifth annual North American congress of the NSWPP and the World Union of National Socialists will be held in Cleveland, Ohio, this year over the Labor Day weekend, 1-3 September.

Spain

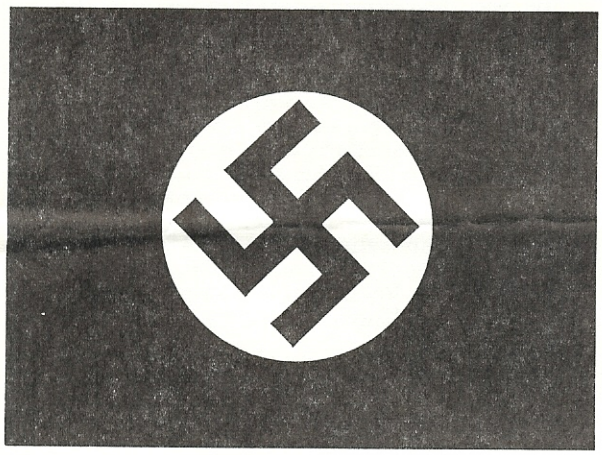
Issue No. 43 of *Cedade*, the official publication of the Spanish Circle of Friends of Europe (Circulo Espanol de Amigos de Europa) was released on 30 January 1973 commemorating the 40th anniversary of the National Socialist revolution in Germany.

The entire 40-page special edition was dedicated to National Socialism. A special three-page article by Matt Koehl, Commander of WUNS, appeared on the historic events surrounding 30 January 1933.

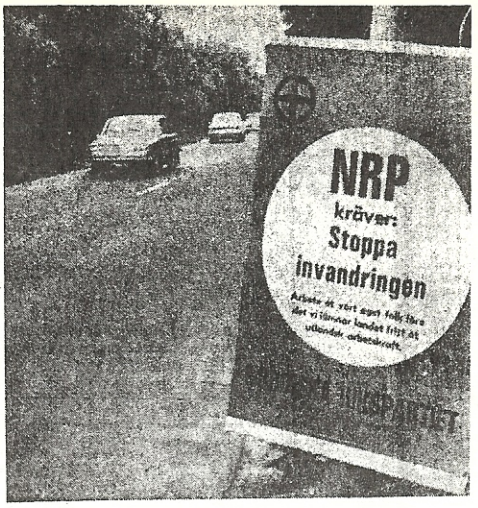
Articles by Adolf Hitler, Alfred Rosenberg, Joseph Goebbels, Juan Massana, Hermann Goring, and many others also appeared in this outstanding tribute to the National Socialist revolution. The address of *Cedade* is:

Apartado de Correos 14. 010
Barcelona
SPAIN

BOLETIN ESPECIAL CEDADE · Ap. Correos 14010 · Barcelona · n.º 43 · 30 Enero 1973.



Cedade, the official publication of the Spanish Circle of Friends of Europe.



Swedish National Socialist party (Nordiska Rikspartiet) election poster.

Sweden

The Swedish National Socialist Party, the Nordiska Rikspartiet, has made important strides in its campaign of familiarizing the Swedish public with its political program. The NRP has been devoting much of its attention to the 1973 elections for the Riksdag, the Swedish parliament. Several NRP candidates will be in the running.

Comrade Göran Oredsson, the leader of the NRP, appeared on Swedish television in a lengthy interview for the first time and explained the National Socialist program to millions of his fellow citizens. Swedish television is owned and controlled by the state. The appearance of Comrade Oredsson was an important achievement for the NRP.

Posters have appeared across Sweden advertising the NRP and exhorting Swedes to support it in the upcoming elections. The NRP's monthly publication, *Nordisk Kamp*, has been changed to a new newspaper format and is being produced with the Swedish voter in mind. The address of the NRP:

Box 162
152 00 Strängnäs
SWEDEN

EZRA POUND
1885 — 1972

Two days after his 87th birthday, Ezra Pound passed away, leaving behind him an artistic career which made him one of the literary giants of the twentieth century. Born in Hailey, Idaho on 30 October 1885, of a prominent American family, Pound first achieved fame in his twenties, when he produced two groups of his poems: *Hugh Selwyn Mauberley* and the *Cantos*. These works were quickly recognized as among the masterpieces of the English language.

Many young writers such as William Butler Yeats, James Joyce, T.S. Eliot, and D.H. Lawrence were inspired by Pound. He was Yeats' secretary and literary guide during the Irish poet's most productive period. Pound discovered T.S. Eliot as a young poet and helped him shape the poem for which Eliot became famous, *The Waste Land*. James Joyce's *Ulysses* –generally considered to be the greatest English novel of the century – was promoted and published through Pound's efforts.

Although Pound was soon singled out by the Jewish establishment because of his political awareness, many of his students were alert to the Jews and their machinations. Wrote D.H. Lawrence in his novel, *Kangaroo:* "If a man is brought to any heel, better a spurred heel than the heel of a Jewish financier." T.S. Eliot summed it up best, however: "The rats are underneath the piles. The Jew is underneath the lot."

Pound set up permanent residence in Italy in 1924, where he became an enthusiastic supporter of Benito Mussolini and his new system of government. During the thirties Pound was quickly labeled a "black sheep" by much of the Jewish-dominated Western literary world for his ever-growing vociferousness against the Jewish hydra of capitalism and Communism. Pound was especially aware of the Jewish role in modern capitalism and spoke and wrote prolifically against its corrupt economic practices.

When war broke out in 1939 Pound accepted an invitation from the Italian Fascist government to take to the air waves. Europeans and Americans tuned in Radio Rome in ever-increasing numbers, attracted by the diversity of Pound's broadcasts, which incorporated political, economic, literary, and philosophical topics in a style that he became famous for.

As an American, Pound was especially concerned about the ignorance of his fellow-countrymen over the new political systems established by Adolf Hitler and Benito Mussolini that were revolutionizing Europe. With America's entry into the war in late 1941, Pound addressed himself increasingly to the traditional America which he knew was being cruelly deceived and exploited by Jewry for its own malevolent ends.

In May, 1945, Pound was arrested by American authorities in Italy. Irreverent of his captor's authority, his reply to an interrogator about his admiration for Hitler and National Socialism was uncompromising: "He was a martyr." Pound was put in a concentration camp at Pisa, Italy, where brawlers, rapists, killers and other incorribles from the American armed forces were confined. He was kept in solitary confinement in a cage made of corrugated metal air-strip planking. The cage was kept in a yard with little shelter from the sun and rain. The 60-year old Pound slept on a cement floor with bright lights trained on him at night. Kept incommunicado, he was told that nobody knew where he was. After three weeks of this physical and mental torture Pound collapsed, suffering from partial amnesia and claustrophobia as a result of his brutal treatment.

He was then flown to Washington, D.C., and arraigned for trial in 1946 for "treason." Upon viewing the physical and mental wreck that was Pound after the inhuman treatment he received at the hands of his captors, the poet was certified "insane" and confined in St. Elizabeth's mental hospital for 12 years.

But despite the attempts by Jewry and the liberal establishment to discredit, humiliate and destroy the man who remained unbowed in his beliefs, the world could not forget the poet and the powerful verses which had so dramatically influenced Western literary development. In 1949, Pound's *Pisan Cantos* was awarded the first Bollingen Prize for poetry by vote of the Fellows in American Letters of the Library of Congress.

Pound concluded his private affairs and returned to Italy upon his release from St. Elizabeths and took up residence in Venice, where he returned to his life's work amid the Renaissance surroundings he had come to love. He appeared indifferent to the public debate that developed in July, 1972, when a recommendation that he be awarded the annual Emerson-Thoreau Medal of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences was denied because of his political and racial views.

Just as Pound knew his beliefs to be right, so he knew that his place in the history of literature was secure. He died on2 November 1972. He had outlived his detractors and events had proven his values to be correct. Marxist-dominated academic circles could deny him recognition but they could not deny him greatness. "If a man isn't willing to take some risk for his opinions," he told an interrogation in 1945, "either his opinions are no good or he's no good."

"Only a united White Race, supremely conscious of its natural destiny, a destiny bequeathed it in the gift of superior birth, as a master race, a noble race able to create the wonders of Western Culture – only such a united race can muster the will and the strength to restore order to a world in the process of suicide and disintegration."

–Lincoln Rockwell, *WHITE POWER*, Chap. 13

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